

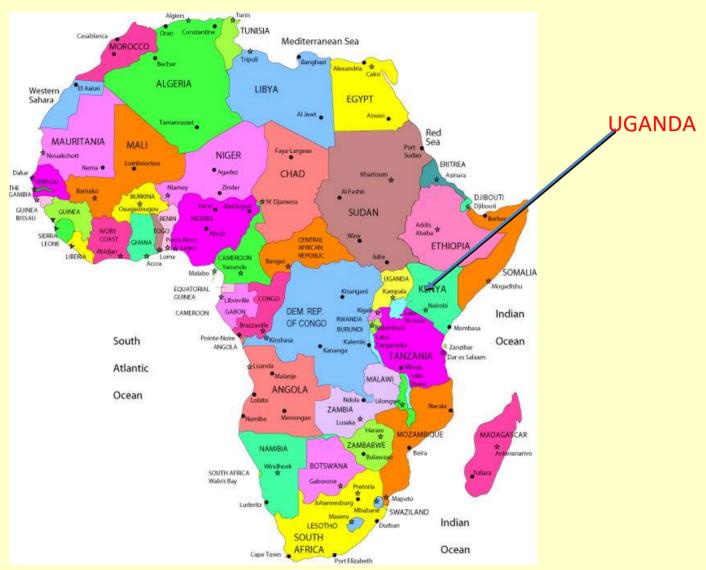
# Second Kampala Institutional & Infrastructure Development Project

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Uganda; Kampala City

Together we can transform Kampala city

#### **MAP OF AFRICA: LOCATION OF UGANDA**





### KAMPALA CITY



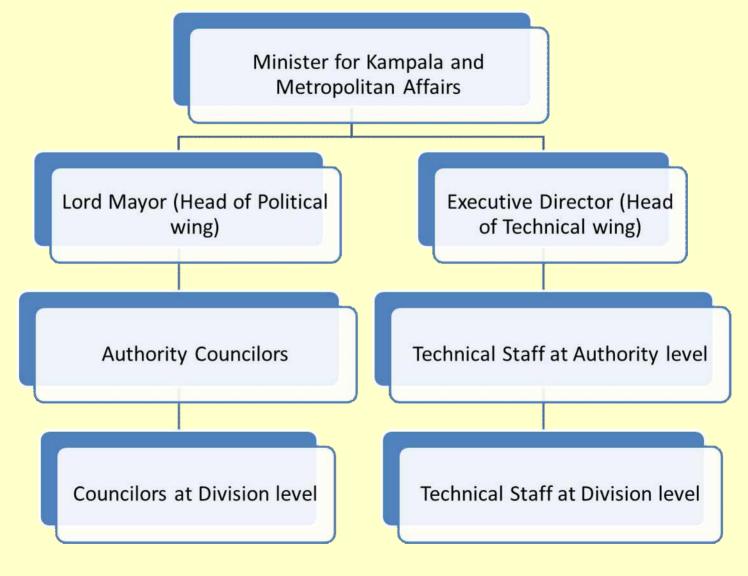
- Located in Kampala district -North of Lake Victoria
- Comprised of five
  Divisions, Kampala
  Central Division,
  Kawempe,
  Makindye, Nakawa,
  and Lubaga Division.

• Size: 189Km<sup>2</sup>

Population: 1.5million (night)Over 3 million (Day)



### CITY ADMINISTRATION STRUCTURE





#### KAMPALA INFRASTRUCTURE AND INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT



CONGESTION ON THE ROADS mobility,

connectivity in

the city



**FLOODING IN THE CITY** 







**NON MOTORABLE ROADS** 

### **OVERVIEW OF THE PROJECT**

- **Goal:** To enhance infrastructure and Institutional capacity of the city and improve urban mobility for inclusive economic growth.
- Project Duration: 5 years (FY2014 FY 2019)
- Project Financing: The project is financed through an Investment Project Financing (IPF) facility of US\$175 million (equivalent) IDA Credit and GoU/KCCA counterpart funding of US\$8.75 million equivalents. The total project financing is US\$183.75 million
- Stake holders: Communities, World Bank, Government of Uganda, Utility companies



#### **KEY ISSUES OF PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION**

- Delays in securing right of way due to contestation of the approved values, mortgaged titles, Titles with Caveats, absent land lords among others;
- Delay in securing land for resettlement of project affected persons;
- Uncooperative property owners in providing pertinent information;
- Sometimes poor political atmosphere the different political campaigns
- Limited Public awareness justifying the need for more active change management



# Strategies for success; involvement of local leaders





Division entry meeting with the Mayors and Town Clerk – Makindye Division

# STRATEGIES FOR SUCCESS: community engagement



Makindye Division Mayor addressing property owners In Luwafu Parish



## STRATEGIES FOR SUCCESS OF PROJECT

- Constituting and training community grievance management committees
- Feedback meetings at community level



### After intervention





#### **Lessons & implications**

- Ensuring sufficient capacity for monitoring adherence to social and environmental safeguards.
- Stakeholder engagement is key and should be continuous throughout the project life.
- Involvement of political leaders at the beginning enhances community buy-in.
- Timely change management engagements and continuous stakeholder engagements throughout the project life
- Good level of supervision that ensures high level of standards;
- Staff skill enhancement in quality data collection and customer engagements;
- Stable political atmosphere suggests less barriers to implementation;

### THANK YOU

